



Northern Bluegrass Region: Action Plan

Connecting Communities to Support Families and Well-Being

Northern Bluegrass Counties: Boone, Bourbon, Campbell, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, Harrison, Kenton, Nicholas, Owen, Pendleton and Scott

Prevention Strategies	Prevention Objectives	Levels of Prevention Addressed (Primary and/or Secondary)	Projected Timeline (Short term or Long Term)
Reduce rates of educational neglect/truancy	Increase caregiver awareness of policies for school attendance and promote consistency among school districts	Primary	Short Term (3-6 months)
	Analyze (gather quantitative and qualitative data) barriers to school attendance	Primary	Short term (3-6 months)
	Examine ways to support families with attendance barriers who do not meet Parent Engagement Meeting (PEM) eligibility	Secondary	Short term (3-6 months)
Strengthen community connections and partnerships around resources Reduce the stigma of help-seeking for caregivers	Increase awareness of kynect resource platform	Primary	Short term (6-12 months)
	Increase resource guide utilization from partners, including decreasing barriers for agency participation	Primary	Short term (6-12 months)
	Increase connections between all providers and interagency groups	Primary	Short term (6-12 months)
Reduce the stigma of help-seeking for caregivers	Increase school-family-agency connections	Primary	Short term (6-12 months)
	Expand campaigns and efforts targeted toward resource awareness to include parent supporters (foster parents, kinship and fictive kin caregivers)	Secondary	Short Term (3-6 months)

Primary prevention activities are directed at the general population and attempt to stop maltreatment before it occurs, with all community members having access to and opportunities to benefit from services.

Secondary prevention activities focus on offering services to at-risk populations, with one or more risk factors associated with child maltreatment, such as poverty, parental substance misuse or parental mental health concerns, and may focus on communities with high incidence of identified risk factors.

Tertiary prevention activities focus on families where maltreatment has already occurred, seek to reduce the negative consequences of the maltreatment, and to prevent its recurrence.